

Computer Based Training for Shiphandling

The Nautical Institute Hong Kong International Conference 2019

Steven Gosling AFNI Quality Assurance Manager



Setting the scene

- Shipping companies are increasingly focused on how people **perform** not how they train
- ✓ Performance and competence go hand in hand
- Competence is a combination of knowledge, understanding and proficiency (KUP) - acquired through education and training and sea service
- ✓ The most effective learning is experiential
- ✓ Transfer is the 'golden goose' of training
- Technology provides the means with which to make training immersive, engaging and interactive
- Generation Z are more embracing of game based learning, computer based training (CBT), VR & AR than any generation before them
- The diminishing cost of computer power makes new technologies accessible in mainstream MET



So what?

- STCW (2010) provides 'baseline' shiphandling competencies at the operational and management level
- The way in which training is delivered to meet these competencies is variable, time constrained and 'one-off'
- Competence is not forever. Shiphandling knowledge and proficiency need refreshing. But at what cost?
- Full mission simulation and manned models are effective but expensive, in a fixed location and may not be appropriate
- Industry now imposes shiphandling training requirements outside of STCW (e.g. OCIMF/VIQ7)
- As technology has made ships more efficient and cost effective, so too must technology in MET

A	S.B.M.
10	CW
ALL OF	2
	"
and a state of the	IMO ==
Manager and Street of Stre	

Videotel's starting point

- 'Shiphandling' (3 part series):
 - I. Turning (26 mins)
 - II. Slowing and Stopping (15 mins)
 - III. Drifting (21 mins)
- 'Deepwater Shiphandling' (29 mins)
- 'Shiphandling in Restricted Waters Bank Effect & Interaction' (31 minutes)
- 'Manoeuvring and Control Characteristics of Pure Car Carriers' (3 part series):
 - I. Wind Pressure Effect (30 minutes)
 - II. Anchoring & Mooring (30 minutes)
 - III. In Harbour Shiphandling (30 minutes)







But what else?





Learning Continuum



Why Computer Based Training?

- Passive to active learning self driven and self directed
- Integral assessment with options for further self study, reflective logs, taskbooks etc.
- Incorporation and integration of video, stills, animation, simulation and interactives
- Optional voice over and sub titles in multiple languages
- Lead to formal certification

Importantly

- Quality controlled
- Trusted
- Scalable
- Cost effective
- Repeatable



KIMH VIDEOTEL

Two new eLearning courses

Basic Shiphandling

Learning Outcome

Candidates will have an understanding of the theory of ship handling and knowledge of common ship manoeuvres on a conventional ship

Modules

- Introduction
- Basic Manoeuvring
- Environmental Forces
- Situational Forces
- Controllable Forces
- Propellers, Rudders and Hulls
- Turning
- Anchoring
- Stopping

Assessment

A series of module tests and final course test



Advanced Shiphandling

Learning Outcome

Candidates will be able to relate the theory of ship handling to unconventional ships and have an understanding of non-routine and emergency manoeuvres on conventional ships.

Modules

- Introduction
- Berthing and Unberthing
- Drifting
- Emergency Manoeuvres
- Heavy Weather

Assessment

A series of module tests and final course test

Passive to active learning

			·► M	
Screen Components - Car Cards	rđa .			
	Seography		Ship Characteristics	
	Ship Types		<u>化学校教</u> Refugees	
VT5		🗢 4/10 🜩		



KIMH VIDEOTEL

Learning Continuum



Gaming Meets Training: Virtual Reality



© KVH Industries, Inc.

What is VR?

Virtual Reality

- Creation of a virtual world e.g. using 3D computer generated environments that users can enter and interact with.
- Immerses user in the virtual space.
- Achieved by the wearing of a VR headset

Augmented Reality

- Blending of the real world with computer generated overlays e.g. additional information
- Placing virtual objects into the realworld view so that they appear to be physical elements in the space e.g. as achieved by Microsoft Hololens.
- Not dependent on headset



EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM







Virtual Reality

- Experiencing things they otherwise could not
- A safe 'sandbox' in which to make mistakes
- Haptics and motion detectors enable us to precisely track our real world movements – Muscle memory
- Sense of presence- being there
- More meaningful assessment 'can do' rather than 'knows how'

https://youtu.be/k3dWIxfgWww



Use of VR for Shiphanding...

- Manoeuvring at sea e.g. collision avoidance, WOPs, river/fjord transits
- In port limits e.g. embarking a pilot, pilotage, berthing/lifting off, holding station, constant RoT, STS transfer, anchoring
- Non-routine e.g. heli ops, heavy weather and ice navigation
- Emergency e.g. MOB, SAR, beaching, rendezvous
- BRM!
- Others?





The challenge for us...

To provide forms of learning (CPD) on the subject of shiphandling

That will...

- Supplement mandatory STCW shiphandling training at the operational and management level
- Be focussed on practical knowledge rather than
 academic theory
- Be as interactive and as experiential as possible
- Exploit all that modern training technologies can offer

While remaining...

- Learner centred
- Cost effective
- Available globally





Thank You for Listening

Steven Gosling AFNI Quality Assurance Manager

sgosling@Videotel.com

